

GENERAL PROJECT INFORMATION	
Project Name	
Project Address	Nearest cross street or approximate physical address
Municipality	
Project Description	General narrative
Project Need	Identify the restoration/water quality improvement needs and objectives. For instance, will the project address: chronic problem area, seasonal flooding, reduce runoff from heavily-used impervious, practice includes buffer to waterbodies, etc.
Ownership	Ownership of land (Municipal, VTrans, Private, School, etc.)
Latitude	
Longitude	
PROJECT ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA	
Criteria 1. Project is identified in the Watershed Project Database or in a planning process ¹ or assessment ² .	
Watershed Project Database #	Project # as identified in the Watershed Project Database
Reference planning or assessment document	Reference planning process ¹ or assessment ² document that identified project. ¹ Planning process as defined as: Stormwater Master Plans, Flow Restoration Plans and River Corridor Plans. ² Assessment as defined as: Stream Geomorphic Assessments and Compatibility, Stormwater Infrastructure Mapping, hydrologic modeling (ex. Lamoille River) and Road Erosion Inventory ³ . ³ : Potential to capture projects on private lands adjacent to a municipal highway that are having an impact on a best management practice. Example, erosion of private lands feeding into a MRGP completed project.
Criteria 2. Project type proposed for development can represent any sector excluding woody buffer projects and stormwater projects to be in compliance with the 3-acre stormwater permit.	
Project Type	List type of project. Example: Wetland restoration, river corridor easement, GSI, etc.
Criteria 3. Project must be located within one of the following three watershed basins (Basin 5-Northern Lake Champlain, Basin 6-Missisquoi Basin, or Basin 7-Lamoille River) AND one of the following four counties (Chittenden Co., Franklin Co., Grand Isle Co. or Lamoille Co.).	
Watershed Basin	List the relevant basin the project occurs in
County	List the relevant County the project occurs in
Criteria 4. Project addresses an immediate need for water quality improvement.	
Project Priority	Priority as provided in the plan or assessment (H/M/L)

Criteria 5. Project has the support of the applicable Basin Planner.	
Basin Planner Support	Confirm that the applicable Basin Planner has been contacted and is supportive of this project moving forward.
PROJECT EVALUATION CRITERIA	
Criteria 1. Projects that are located in high priority catchment areas as noted in the applicable Tactical Basin Plan per sector utilizing estimated total phosphorus load at the catchment level.	
TBP Priority Catchment Areas	NRPC to provide further guidance on this and whether to use information provided in TBP or Clean Water Road Map tool baseline scenario. Both provide information about TP loading by sector at the catchment scale (NHDPlus)
Criteria 2. Projects that achieve the highest nutrient reduction and cost-efficiencies, if information is readily available. <i>Aimed at assessing project effectiveness in mitigating stormwater and reducing sediment loading.</i>	
Nutrient Reduction Estimate	Provide if information is readily available. Example: a. SWMP: Estimated pollutant load reduction potential (H/M/L) b. RCP: Narrative on stream bank instability or geomorphic incompatibility of structures
Cost effectiveness	Provide if information is readily available. Example: Cost estimate or range (order of magnitude)
Criteria 3. Likelihood of sponsorship if project is located on private land.	
Likelihood of sponsorship	Narrative based on available information that would inform the likelihood the project will reach implementation.
PROJECT ELIGIBILITY CRITERIA CO-BENEFITS <i>This criteria is meant to align with the VAPDA Draft RPC Project Prioritization Process criteria identified to meet Sec. 26. 10 V.S.A. § 1253 (d)(3(D))</i>	
Criteria 4 (Bonus points). Project will provide indirect water quality benefits.	
Indirect benefits	Identify if this project provides a socio-economic benefit ¹ and/or is a project that addresses surface water stressors as a part of a larger initiative ² . ¹ Socio-economic benefit as defined as: improve/protect an existing or create a new community social/economic asset ² "Part of a larger initiative" as defined as: several culverts upsized on one stream, brownfields, streetscape or bike-pedestrian improvements, multi-municipality effort, etc.
Criteria 5 (Bonus points). Project is aligned with municipal planning priorities.	
Aligns with municipal planning priorities	List if the project is identified in a municipal planning effort (Hazard Mitigation Plan, capital plan or similar asset management plan, long-range transportation plan, Comprehensive Plan, Natural Resources Inventory, etc.).