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CHITTENDEN COUNTY REGIONAL PLANNING COMMISSION PLANNING ADVISORY COMMITTEE - MINUTES

Wednesday, May 12, 2021 DATE: 2:30 p.m. to 4:00 p.m. TIME:

PLACE: Virtual Meeting via Zoom with link as published on the agenda

Members Present: Zachary Maia, Colchester Ravi Venkataraman, Richmond David White, Burlington Cymone Haiju, Milton Owiso Makuku, Essex

Paul Conner, So. Burlington

Darren Schibler, Essex Staff:

Matt Boulanger, Williston Regina Mahony, Planning Program Manager

Larry Lewack, Charlotte Melanie Needle, Senior Planner Katherine Sonnick, Jericho Taylor Newton, Senior Planner

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1. Welcome and Introductions

Paul Conner called the meeting to order at 2:36 p.m.

2. Approval of March 10, 2021 Minutes

Ravi Venkataraman made a motion, seconded by Darren Schibler, to approve the March 10, 2021 minutes. No further discussion. MOTION PASSED.

3. Multifamily Housing EV Charging VEIC Report

Vermont Energy Investment Corporation's Drive Electric Vermont conducted a study and produced a report on electric vehicle charging in multifamily homes. Dave Roberts, VEIC, provided a presentation on this topic. The presentation is attached to these minutes.

Dave Roberts first provided an overview of electric vehicle incentives and resources on the Drive Electric Vermont website. Dave Roberts also provided an overview of the types of chargers, and plans to add fast charging throughout the state.

Dave Roberts provided information, challenges and potential solutions from the multi-family residential EV charging study. Multi-family units make up about 40% of the housing stock in Chittenden County and most of the residents are renters. Challenges in establishing EV charging in multi-family buildings include: renter willingness/ability to invest; dedicated parking v. shared access; metering/usage fees; potential service upgrades required for existing structures; and condo/HOA agreements (they haven't heard many of these issues but it could be an issue). In the survey conducted last year of multi-family developers, VEIC heard that funding was the main challenge. The graph below describes some of these challenges/solutions (EVSE = Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment).

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Multifamily EV Charging Options Shared Parking EVSE SHARED Tenant Pay As-You-Go EVSE w/Tenant Bill-Back lower availability confidence **PARKING** -needs a faster charge for turnover/availability -lower availability confidence -best near clusters of MUDs in public -needs faster charge for turnover/availability parking/proximity to designations -may require new technology/ membership -relies on existing billing tech billing models (e.g. key card systems?) -works like EVSE public charging programs MORE PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE MOST PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE LESS CONVENIENT LESS CONVENIENT LEAST PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE LESS PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE MOST CONVENIENT MORE CONVENIENT Dedicated Resident EVSE Dedicated Resident EVSE w/Landlord -high availability confidence Subsidy for Tenants -allows for slower L2 charging -high availability confidence -most like existing in-home programs, where -opportunity for landlords willing to subsidize electric resident pays for power for tenants/competitive advantage -may require a 'key' system in unstructured parking -becomes generalized subsidy paid in all rents -opportunity cost if unit is without EVSE-owners **RESERVED PARKING** ABLE TO BILL/METER NOT ABLE TO BILL/METER TO UNIT **TO UNIT** VT ACCD - Jacob Hemmerick / VEIC

Other opportunities include:

- Vermont ACCD has developed **EVSE** friendly development regulations.
- Requiring EVSE in multi-family structures in the development review process.
- Education/outreach.
- Curbside charging programs are something that Montreal is looking at, may be an option especially if installing within the multi-family housing is too difficult.
- Funding there is a \$1 million multi-family EVSE pilot in the draft Transportation Bill for nonprofit/affordable housing.

Questions/comments from the PAC:

- 1. Should we being encouraging development of Level 2 charging since Level 1 is not much more than a regular home outlet. Dave Roberts stated that Level 1 is an affordable option; and may be a decent option for retrofitting an older building with limited capacity. Level 1 is better than nothing. Dave suggested that you could steer toward Level 2 unless cost or power supply issues are a challenge.
- 2. How common is a power supply challenge? Dave Roberts stated that if you are putting in a bunch of level 2 in one building it could be tricky. One level 2 is typically the highest load a household would be using; so it is necessary to have the capacity. Utilities are pushing the smart level 2 chargers so they can control the load if need be. Dave Roberts added that from a grid perspective there won't be much of a challenge anytime soon.
- 3. Any multifamily buildings in the area tackled these issues? Flynn and Pine level 2 charger put in as a BED pilot. BED has worked with other properties in the City. CHT is also getting some bids in for some of their properties.

4. Draft Future Vision for Taft Corners

Town of Williston and CCRPC staff presented the **draft** future vision for Taft Corners. This is stage 1 of the Williston form based code project. A Mentimeter demonstration was also provided in the presentation.

Regina Mahony explained that the 10 day public engagement charette was just completed on May 3rd. The consultant team conducted the charette virtually. They started by gaining input from the public and ended by presenting some concepts for the future vision. The plan is to make Taft Corners a much more walkable, vibrant, downtown type

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destination than it is today. Regina Mahony presented some of the visuals that can be found in the May 3rd presentation.

The PAC provided generally positive feedback on the draft vision via a Mentimeter interactive question. There was a discussion about mentimeter as a presentation/engagement tool.

5. Broadband Legislation

CCRPC has been following H.360 and is waiting to see how the Legislature will decide to deploy broadband connectivity funds. Regina Mahony explained that the latest legislation that passed the Senate allows for deployment of funds to Communication Utility Districts (CUDs) as well as small service providers. Small service providers are defined as those that serve less than 3 counties. CCRPC will continue to monitor the legislation and once the final decisions are made CCRPC will reach out with options for serving the 2,000+ households in Chittenden County that are underserved.

6. Members Items Open Forum

Paul Conner asked if any members had any items to discuss with each other.

Paul Conner stated that they've been receiving requests for greater accessibility to online meetings including closed captioning and access to meeting recordings after the fact. PAC members provided the following: Zoom has a great closed captioning feature included; WebEx can do closed captioning in 105 languages. Other municipalities indicated that they've had their recordings done through Town Meeting TV and the meetings are accessible on their platform (via youtube).

Paul Conner asked if folks are thinking about hybrid meetings in the future? Most respondents indicated that they are going to try to do hybrid considering the increased level of participation in virtual public meetings. Darren Schibler followed up with a question on what technology folks are planning to use? PAC members provided the following: Williston is going to try out a hybrid through Town Meeting TVs technology (at least for the meetings in the room they can mic up and for the meetings they cover). Burlington is learning about some technology that the airport has been using. Richmond has heard about a conference type phone/microphone system that another community has been using even pre-COVID. The cost is in the \$2-2,500 range. CCRPC got an owl and has tested it (just for a staff meeting so far) with some success.

7. Regional Act 250/Section 248 Projects on the Horizon.

Paul Conner asked the PAC to email Regina and Taylor any Act 250/Section 248 updates.

8. Other Business

- **a.** Congrats to the 2021 VPA Planning Award Winners in Chittenden County:
 - Mark Blucher Professional Planner of the Year: Meagan Tuttle, AICP, Principal Planner for Comprehensive Planning, City of Burlington
 - Career Achievement Award for Excellence in Planning: Dean Pierce, AICP, Director of Planning and Zoning, Town of Shelburne. This is a discretionary award that recognizes individuals who make unique and lasting contributions to Vermont planning throughout their career.
- b. CCRPC is working with three other regions (Addison, Rutland and Central VT) on a combined Comprehensive Economic Development Strategy (CEDS) currently called the West Central Vermont CEDS. While Chittenden County already has a CEDS this will help us update that component of the ECOS Plan (in 2023); and set us up for the possibility of becoming an Economic Development District, which could provide a more consistent amount of EDA funding in the region. Save the date for the first public engagement meeting on the evening of June 17th.
- Summit on the Future of Vermont: May 26 & 27, 1-5pm. Join the Vermont Council on Rural Development to consider transformational goals and actions for the future of our economy, environment, communities, and people at the Summit on the Future of Vermont. Share your voice and shape action for Vermont's future. Learn More & Register ».
 - d. The 2020 ECOS Annual Report: The State of Chittenden County was released at the end of March.
 - e. Next meeting potentially in June, and may take July and August off. But it might depend on Underhill's Town Plan.

Meeting adjourned at 4:01pm.

Respectfully submitted, Regina Mahony

Multifamily Electric Vehicle Charging Update

CCRPC PAC MEETING MAY 12, 2021



About Drive Electric Vermont

- Drive Electric Vermont is a publicprivate partnership established in 2012 by VEIC and the State of Vermont
- Working to advance transportation electrification through:
 - Stakeholder coordination
 - Policy engagement
 - Consumer education & outreach
 - Infrastructure development



https://www.driveelectricvt.com/



Why Go Electric?

- Reduce emissions
- Great performance
- Quiet
- Convenient charging at home
- Savings

It's time for a better drive.





Website EV Model Explorer















Hyundai Kona Electric



All Electric (Crossover)

Electric Range: 258 miles

Vermont Incentive Eligible

Battery Size: 64

Seats: 5

Filters for vehicle characteristics

Cargo: 19.2 ft3

Base MSRP: \$36,950

Total Range: 258 miles

Federal Tax Credit Amount: \$7,500 Standard Monthly Lease: \$329 Lease Down Payment: \$3,899

Manufacturer Website

www.DriveElectricVT.com



Combined Incentive Example

	New Nissan LEAF 150 Mile Range		Nissan
	Standard Incentive	< \$50k Income Incentive	Sentra
Starting Price	\$31,600	\$31,600	\$19,310
Federal Tax Credit	-\$7,500	-\$7,500	
State Incentive	-\$2,500	-\$4,000	
Automaker Discount	-\$7,500	-\$7,500	
Utility Incentive	-\$1,500	-\$2,500	
Price after Incentives	\$12,600	\$10,100	\$19,310



Drive Electric VT Incentive Calculator

Electric Vehicle Incentive Calculator This tool estimates potential incentives for electric vehicle purchases or leases, including those from electric utilities, the State of Vermont and Federal incentives. Not all eligibility factors are accounted for. See the information below and check with incentive sources to confirm your eligibility prior to purchase. This tool is in beta. This information in this tool is based on the latest information available to Drive Electric Vermont, but actual incentive amounts may vary based on eligibility criteria. Please let us know if you encounter any issues using this tool. Your Utility Green Mountain Power Estimated Utility Incentive: \$1,500 - 2,500 * Vehicle Type All-Electric (new) * Bonus of \$1000 available to income-qualified purchasers. Check Car Make your utility's website to see if you are eligible. Nissan Tax Filing Status Individual filing as single or 🗸 Estimated State Incentive: \$4,000 Adjusted Gross Income † 0 - \$50,000 ~ Estimated Federal Incentive: \$7.500 [†] Adjusted Gross Income can be found on your tax return Estimated Total Incentive: \$13,000 - 14,000 Additional automaker or dealership incentives may be available.

State incentive funds are running low, but likely to receive more funds

Check with your dealership to learn more.

Charging Equipment

120V 5 miles range / hr



240V 10-20 miles / hr

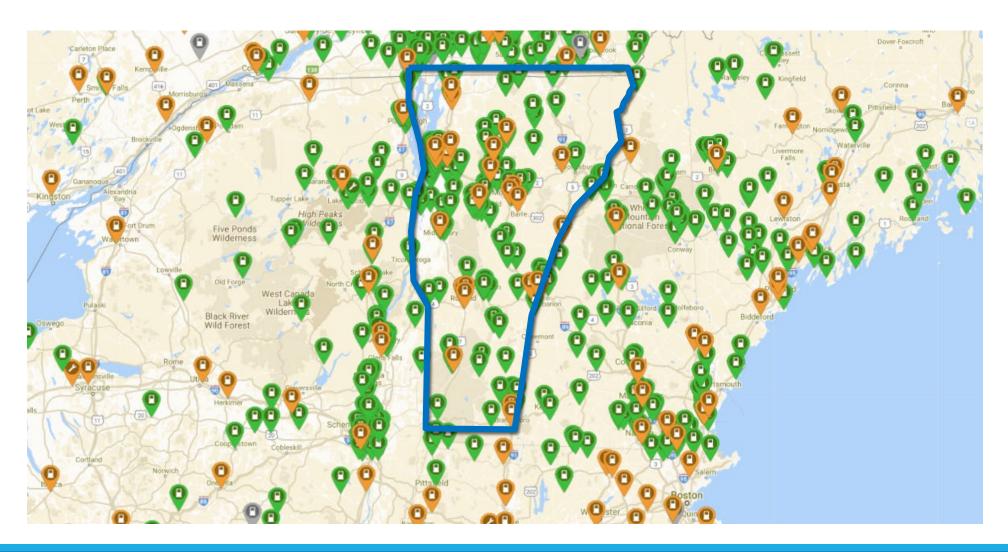


DC Fast Charging 480V 150-1,000 miles / hr



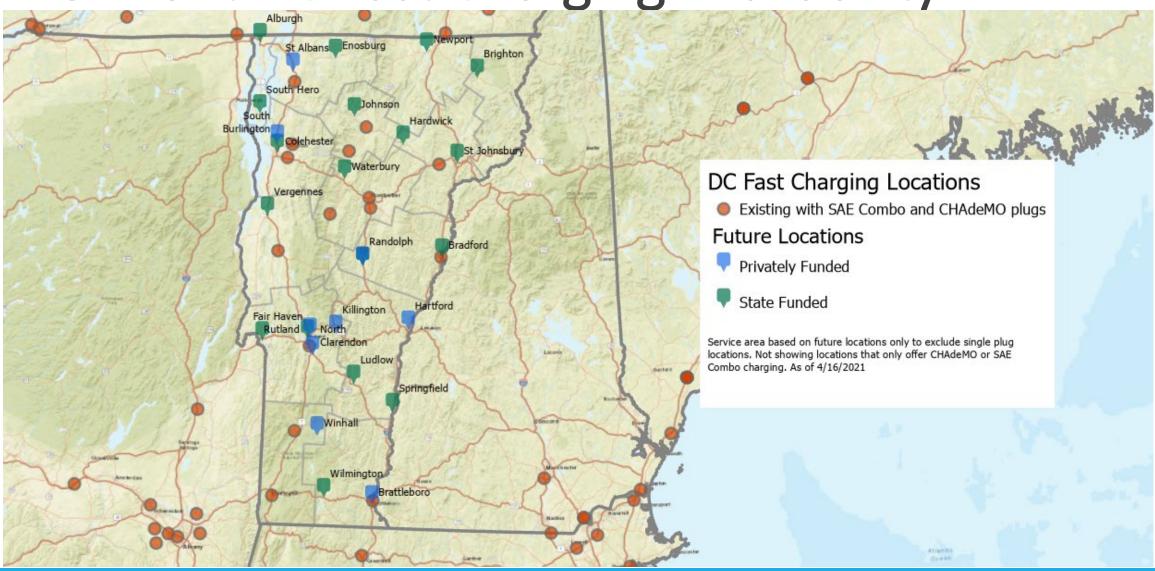


Public EV Charging Availability



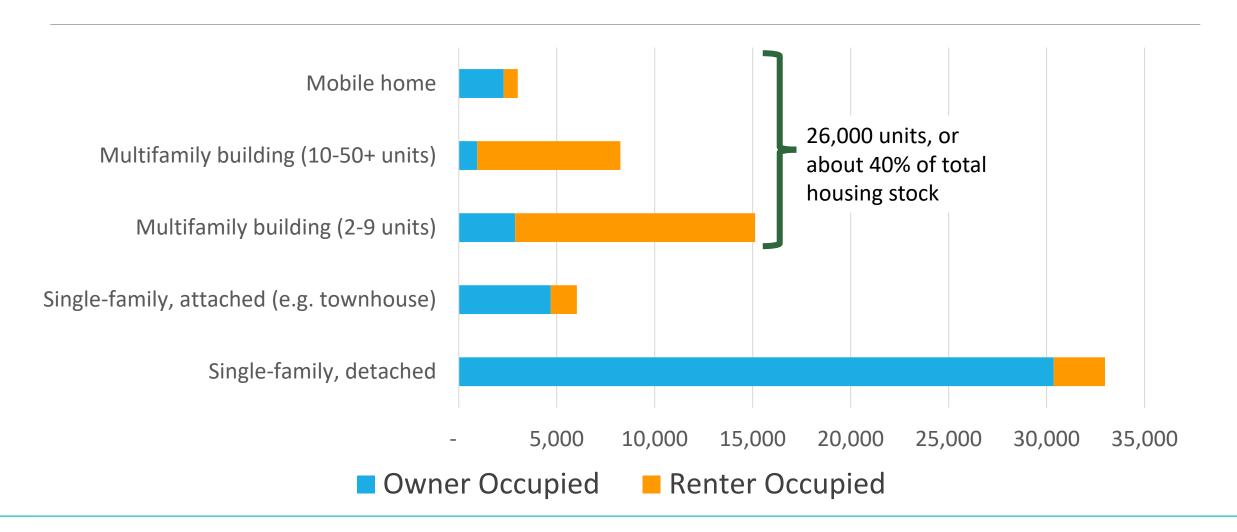


Vermont DC Fast Charging Availability





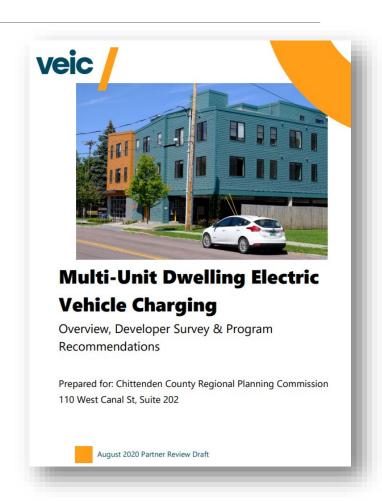
Chittenden County Residential Building Types





Multifamily EV Charging Challenges

- Renter willingness / ability to invest
- Dedicated parking vs Shared access
- Metering / usage fees
- Potential service upgrades required for existing structures
- Condo/HOA agreements



Multifamily EV Charging Options

SHARED PARKING

Shared Parking EVSE w/Tenant Bill-Back

- -lower availability confidence
- -needs faster charge for turnover/availability
- -may require new technology/ membership billing models (e.g. key card systems?)

Tenant Pay As-You-Go EVSE

- -lower availability confidence
- -needs a faster charge for turnover/availability
- -best near clusters of MUDs in public parking/proximity to designations
- -relies on existing billing tech
- -works like EVSE public charging programs

MORE PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE MOST PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE LESS CONVENIENT LESS CONVENIENT

MOST CONVENIENT | MORE CONVENIENT

LEAST PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE LESS PUBLIC/FLEXIBLE

Dedicated Resident EVSE

- -high availability confidence
- -allows for slower L2 charging
- -most like existing in-home programs, where resident pays for power
- -may require a 'key' system in unstructured parking
- -opportunity cost if unit is without EVSE-owners

Dedicated Resident EVSE w/Landlord **Subsidy for Tenants**

- -high availability confidence
- -opportunity for landlords willing to subsidize electric for tenants/competitive advantage
- -becomes generalized subsidy paid in all rents

RESERVED PARKING

ABLE TO BILL/METER **TO UNIT**

NOT ABLE TO BILL/METER TO UNIT

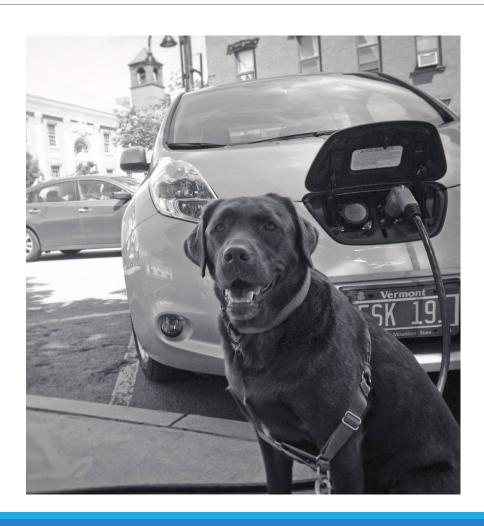
Charging Infrastructure Opportunities

- Adoption of EVSE-friendly development regulations
 - Vermont ACCD Guidance
- Multifamily Focused
 - Municipal adoption of "stretch" building energy code
 - Discussing options in the development review process
 - Sharing information on available support and funding options
 - Curbside charging programs
 - Public / Private partnerships for charging infrastructure
 - \$1 million MF EVSE pilot in draft T-Bill for nonprofit / affordable housing





Discussion



Contacts

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